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Non-linear wave equations in a curved background space

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Corrigenda

A new expression for harmonic oscillator brackets

Dobeš J 1977 J. Phys. A: Math. Gen. 10 2053-9

Equation (6) should read as follows

$$\langle nlNL; \lambda | n_1 l_1 n_2 l_2; \lambda \rangle_D = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{(1+D)^{2l}} \sum_{m=0}^l Q_m T_m.$$

Non-linear wave equations in a curved background space

Radmore P M and Stephenson G 1978 J. Phys. A: Math. Gen. 11 L149-52

On p L150, equations (14), (15) and (16) should read as follows:

$$\frac{E_{\alpha}}{4\pi} = \int_{\alpha r_{+}}^{\infty} (r^2 - 2m\alpha r + e^2\alpha^2) \frac{1}{\alpha} \left(\frac{\mathrm{d}\Phi}{\mathrm{d}r}\right)^2 \mathrm{d}r + \int_{\alpha r_{+}}^{\infty} f(\Phi) \frac{r^2}{\alpha^3} \mathrm{d}r.$$
(14)

$$\frac{1}{4\pi} \frac{dE_{\alpha}}{d\alpha} = \int_{\alpha r_{+}}^{\infty} (-2mr + 2e^{2}\alpha) \frac{1}{\alpha} \left(\frac{d\Phi}{dr}\right)^{2} dr + \int_{\alpha r_{+}}^{\infty} (r^{2} - 2m\alpha r + e^{2}\alpha^{2}) \left(-\frac{1}{\alpha^{2}}\right) \left(\frac{d\Phi}{dr}\right)^{2} dr + \int_{\alpha r_{+}}^{\infty} f(\Phi) \left(-\frac{3r^{2}}{\alpha^{4}}\right) dr - \frac{r_{+}^{3}}{\alpha} f(\Phi) \Big|_{r=\alpha r_{+}}$$
(15)

$$\frac{1}{4\pi} \left. \frac{\mathrm{d}E_{\alpha}}{\mathrm{d}\alpha} \right|_{\alpha=1} = -I_1 - 3I_2 + I_3 - r_+^3 f(\Phi) \bigg|_{r=r_+}$$
(16)